



Cyber-Hygiene in 8 Steps

8

Step 1

Don't get phished!

Before clicking on a link in email or social media, think twice: is this legitimate, is this unusual.



Step 2

How good is your password?

It is probably not that good. Passwords have to be long and complex (**at least 12 characters**). The most important rule: use a password manager!



Step 3

Update your Microsoft Windows, your antivirus and your browser.

Everything on your computer and phone should be up-to-date, even if not connected to the internet all the time. If you need internet credit, contact an IT person.



Step 4

Install an antivirus and uninstall unnecessary software

Keep it up-to-date. There are no need for several antiviruses, just one that works.



Step 5

Don't take USB devices you don't know

They very often contain viruses. Keep them safe and scan them with an antivirus. Don't use it if you have any doubt!



Step 6

Make backups

If something happens (**and something will happen eventually**), backup will save you a huge amount of time. Make backups regularly and keep them safe.



Step 7

Keep your desk clean and your computer secured

Protecting your devices physically is as important as protecting your accounts on the internet! Think about: not leaving your laptop or phone unattended in a public place, protect them with a password at all times, and lock them when leaving work.



Step 8

Be extra-cautious when using public wifi

Free wifi might give you free internet, it can also give you free viruses. Preferably use a 3G hotspot to access your account or for business activities.

